

Topic 1.

$$\int_{\mathbb{H}} u_j |E(\tau, \frac{1}{2} \tau t)|^2 d\mu(\tau)$$

$$\sim \int_{\mathbb{H}} u_j E(\tau, \frac{1}{2} \tau t) E(\tau, s) d\mu(\tau)$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{H}} E(\tau, \tau) |E(\tau, \frac{1}{2} \tau t)|^2 d\mu(\tau)$$

$$\perp \int_{2\pi i} \varphi(s) E(\tau, s) ds$$

$\text{Re}(s) = 2$

$$\int_{\mathbb{H}} u_j(\tau) |u_n(\tau)|^2 d\mu(\tau)$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{H}} u_j(\tau) u_n(\tau) u_m(\tau) d\mu(\tau)$$

$$\sim \frac{1}{216} \pi^4 \left(\Lambda\left(\frac{1}{2}, u_j \times u_n \times u_m\right) \right)^2$$

degree 8

$$\frac{\Lambda(1, \text{sym}^2 u_j) \Lambda(1, \text{sym}^2 u_n) \Lambda(1, \text{sym}^2 u_m)}{\text{degree 3}}$$

MathSciNet

216 paper
Subconvexity

$2(\alpha)$

$\text{Re}(s) \geq 1+\delta$

1 $1+\delta$

$J(\sigma + it) \geq K$

$$\frac{1}{\zeta(\sigma+it)} \leq \quad \text{Möbius}$$

$$\frac{1}{\zeta(s)} = \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\mu(n)}{n^s}, \quad \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1$$

$$\mu(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n=1 \\ 0 & \text{if } n \text{ has a square} \\ & \text{division} \\ (-1)^r & n = p_1 p_2 \dots p_r \\ & \text{distinct} \end{cases}$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{\zeta(\sigma+it)} \right| = \left| \sum \frac{\mu(n)}{n^{\sigma+it}} \right| \leq \sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{1}{n^\sigma}$$

$$\sigma \geq 1+\delta \quad \zeta(\sigma) \leq \zeta(1+\delta)$$

$$(b) \frac{1}{\log t} \leq \zeta(1+it) \ll (\log t)^1$$

$$\zeta(1+it) = \sum_{n \leq X} \frac{1}{n^s} + \frac{1}{(s-1)X^{s-1}} + \frac{\{x\}}{x^s}$$

$$s = 1+it \quad -s \int_X^\infty \frac{\{x\}}{x^{s+1}} dx$$

$$\text{Take } X = [t] \sim t$$

$$\left| \sum_{n \leq t} \frac{1}{n^s} \right| \leq \sum_{n \leq t} \frac{1}{n^1} \ll \log t$$

$$\left| \frac{\{t\}}{t^{1+u}} \right| \leq \frac{1}{t} = O(1)$$

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\{x\}}{x^{s+1}} dx \leq |1+u| \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{x^2} dx$$

$$\ll |t| \quad x^{-1} \Big|_{x=t}^\infty \ll 1$$

$$\mu(\sigma) = 0 \quad \sigma \geq 1$$

$$\mu(\sigma) = \inf \{ \theta, |z(\sigma+it)| \ll t^\theta \}$$

$$\sigma > 1$$

$$|z(\sigma+it)| \leq z(\sigma)$$

$$\theta = 0$$

$$|z(\sigma+it)| \gg 1$$

$$\forall \theta > 0$$

$$\sigma = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{\log t}$$

$$\leq |z(1+it)| \leq \log t \ll t^\theta$$